

DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL.

VOL. 18.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 10, 1883.

NO. 82.

PRIZE BOOKS FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

The Weekly Journal's Clubbing Arrangement with the Cincinnati Commercial.

Having made arrangements to club the WEEKLY JOURNAL with the Cincinnati Commercial, we announce that we will furnish the WEEKLY JOURNAL and the Cincinnati Weekly Commercial, a large 8-page, 56-column family newspaper, printed from large, clear new type, and furnishes more reading matter for the money than any other newspaper in the county, the issue of each week containing over twenty-two square feet of printed matter, and is not surpassed for news, business reports, literary and select reading, one year for \$3 50, and will give as a free prize to each yearly subscriber under this clubbing arrangement any one book he may select from the following famous works—postage paid and free of all cost—the books being unabridged, beautifully printed on good paper in paper covers: Tennyson's Poems; The Arabian Nights; The Narrative of the Jeannette Arctic Expedition, by Lieut. Denehower; The Mill on the Floss, by George Eliot; Wood's Natural History for Boys, (300 illustrations); East Lynne, by Mrs. Henry Wood; Venner's Almanac for 1883; The Swiss Family Robinson; A Treatise on the Horse and His Diseases, by Dr. B. J. Kendall; The Woman in White, by Wilkie Collins; History of the Kingdom of Ireland, Waverly, by Sir Walter Scott; A Brave Lady, by Miss Mulock; The Bible Dictionary; Lady Audley's Secret, by Miss Braddon.

It will be noticed that our selection of prizes covers an extraordinary range and variety of the brightest and best books.

Free specimen copies of the Cincinnati Weekly Commercial may be obtained by addressing M. Halstead & Co., Proprietors Commercial, Cincinnati, Ohio, and free specimen copies of the JOURNAL can be obtained by addressing C. C. Powning, Proprietor JOURNAL, Reno, Nevada.

Send postal card asking for specimen copies.

CASH SYSTEM! CASH SYSTEM!

Since my first announcement that I proposed to place my business on a cash basis on Jan. 1st, I have received much encouragement from many of my customers. They appreciate the fact that it is a fair system, as all pay cash or its equivalent; they do not, as, under the credit system, have charged to them the loss suffered by some debtor who has "skipped" his account; and frequently the country. Also the cash system has harmonious influences, there being fewer circumstances to create difficulties between the dealer and his customers, such as damping, refusal of credit, suing, etc. I have in reserve a good proof that it pays to buy for cash. It is a price list, which will be out January 1, 1883. Send or call for one.

Respectfully,
JERRY SCHOOLING.

FINE JOB WORK.

The JOURNAL job office has just received a large and fine stock of paper, cards, inks, etc., for job printing and is prepared to take orders for every description of work in the printing line. Only skilled workmen are employed in the job room and no inferior work is allowed to leave the office. Compensation prices are charged for every job and satisfaction guaranteed. Call and examine our specimens and leave your orders.

Depot Hotel.

At the Depot.....Reno, Nevada

WILLIAM R. CHAMBERLAIN, Prop'r.

THIS House is situated beside the Railroad track, and it is but a step from the building to the cars of the C. P. R. R. on one side, and those of the V. & T. R. on the other.

ALL THE ATTRACTIONS OF A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL ARE SUPPLIED.

All the—

PASSENGER TRAINS STOP IN FRONT OF THE HOTEL.

Offices of—

Wells, Fargo & Co. and Western Union Telegraph Co.

AND ALL THE RAILROAD OFFICES Are in this Building.

WM. R. CHAMBERLAIN, Proprietor.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. S. VARIAN, W. H. DICKSON,
RENO, SALT LAKE.

DICKSON & VARIAN,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Will practice in all the courts of Utah and
Nevada.

F. R. WAGGONER, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Residence and Office.—That formerly occupied
by Dr. Dawson.

WILLIAM CAIN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW
RENO, NEVADA.
OFFICE—Up Stairs in Odd Fellows' Building.

S. BISHOP,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
RENO, NEVADA.

OFFICE—At residence on south side of the
Truckee River.

W. BERGMAN,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Reno, Washoe Co., Nov.

OFFICE—Second street, next door to JOURNAL
Building.

BENEVOLENT SOCIETIES.

Reno Chapter No. 7, R. A. M.

THE STATED CONVOCATIONS OF RENO Chapter No. 7, of R. A. M., are held at Minson Hall on the evening of the first Thursday of each month, commencing at 8 o'clock sharp. All deserving companions in good standing are fraternally invited to attend. By order of the E. H. P.

John W. WALKER, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

TRUCKEE LODGE, No. 14
Independent Order of Odd Fellows
meet at their Hall, east side of Vir
ginia street, Reno, every Wednesday
evening, at 7 o'clock. A punctual attendance
of members is requested. All visiting members
good standing, are cordially invited to attend.

C. NOYSE, N. G.

F. O. UPDIKE, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

RENO LODGE NO. 19, IN-
dependent Order of Odd Fellows
meet at Odd Fellows Hall, over
the Congregational Church, every
Thursday evening. A punctual attendance is
requested. All visiting members
good standing, are cordially invited to attend.

JOHN DELZ, N. G.

R. E. HOY, Secretary.

O. LONKEY. E. R. SMITH.

VERDI PLANING MILL AND BOX FACTORY.

P. O. VERDI, WASHOE CO., NEV.

Nevada and California Lumber Co.

—CONSISTING OF—

PROSSER CREEK SAW MILL,

BANNER SAW MILL,

BANNER BOX FACTORY.

Post Office.....Boca, Nevada Co., Cal

Telegraph.....Prosser Creek Cal

may 12 tf

T. K. HYMERS,

(Successor to Hymers & Constock), proprietor
of the

TRUCKEE LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLE

Cor. Sierra and Second Sts., Reno, Nev.

Horses, Buggies and Saddle Horses

—TO LET—

And Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or
Month Terms to suit times.

We have also attached a large Hay Yard,
with good Stables. Also, Corrals for Livestock,
well watered.

LEASE TO LET.

First-Class Hotel

In all respects. Board and Lodging at the most
reasonable rates. The finest brands of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars Constant
LY ON HAND.

All passenger trains of the Central Pacifc stop
at the door for meals.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING OF
the stockholders of the Highland Ditch
and Water Company will be held January 6th,

1883, at the company's office over Queen's Drug

Store, Virginia Street, Reno, to take into consider-

ation the election of new board of Trustees,
and such other and further business as may
come before such meeting.

By order of President.

P. EVANS, Secretary.

Reno, Dec. 5th, 1882.

The best in the land, and cheaper than
the cheapest. Give us a trial.

Aug 17

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO THE READING PUBLIC.

EVERY

FARMER, MINER AND

MERCHANT

In the State of Nevada should have the

WEEKLY

NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

—PUBLISHED AT—

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA.

EXTRA

ADVERTISING

NOTICE

OBITUARY

NOTES

DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

C. C. Powning, Editor & Proprietor

WEDNESDAY.....JANUARY 10, 1883.

THE OFFICIAL BOND.

EDITOR JOURNAL.—Senator Schooling, of Washoe, has introduced a bill to abolish, or rather to repeal, all existing enactments requiring the giving of official bonds by State, county and township officers, antecedent to the entry upon the discharge of their several duties.

Many plausible reasons are given by those who favor this innovation on a long established and universal custom; but we think the reasons are specious and will not stand the test of exact and close consideration. Were all men honest alike, and could every man resist the temptation to violate a trust, there would be no necessity for the public interests to be guarded and protected in manner and form as now provided by law; but it has, with truth, been said that "man is frail," and it is essentially necessary that the rights and interests of the people should be hedged in and protected against the acts and doings of weak, or perchance dishonest, officials.

White official bonds may not be exacted, in our judgment and opinion, something in lieu thereof ought and must be required to insure the safety of public funds subject to the control of public servants. In view of the many obstacles and difficulties which lie in the way of collecting defalcations of dishonest officials by suit brought against sureties, who, pending an action on an official bond, can, and often do, put their property out of their hands and beyond the reach of the law, why would the following plan not be a better one to conserve the public interests than the system now in vogue? viz: That where the law requires the giving of a bond, say in one hundred thousand dollars, as is the case with the State Treasurer, with two good and sufficient sureties, let the official's sureties, whenever they may be, execute his promissory note, payable to the State of Nevada or order, on demand, for the amount that each is willing to guarantee for the official's faithful performance of duty.

Take for example the before mentioned State Treasurer. Suppose Jos. Douglas and John W. Mackay should agree to become his sponsors for the safe keeping of the public funds for the ensuing four years. To effect this let each one of them execute his promissory note for \$50,000, payable on demand, and let these notes be deposited with the Controller of State for safe keeping. In case of a defalcation on the part of the Treasurer let the Attorney General immediately commence suit on those notes and attach as in ordinary actions on promissory notes. Suppose, however, instead of two notes for \$50,000 each, there should be five of \$20,000 each, let each of these notes be deposited as aforesaid, and sued on in the manner above suggested, and so on in relation to notes of less denomination.

In case of suit on such notes and judgment followed, such suit, let the payment of the judgment be apportioned; provided, by the Court, and the apportioned sum of such judgment, including costs, be paid by each solvent and responsible judgment debtor. It occurs to us that this mode of procedure would simplify the existing method of dealing with unfaithful public officials, and at the same time would insure the prompt collection of all deficiencies in public funds since the provisional remedy and summary proceeding by attachments is invoked, which effectually bars the possibility of a surety covering up his property, or putting it out of his hands, pendentite. We hastily pen these suggestions, inviting further discussion by our contemporaries.

CONSERVATOR.
RENO, January 6, 1883.

RATE OF TAXATION.

Controller Hailock says "the retrenchment laws passed at the last session of the Legislature have saved \$1,400 to the State in the last two years, and will save in the future about \$23,000 on expense of the Legislature, and \$37,000 salaries of State officers and deputies; for a total of about \$60,000, for the first period of two years, 1883-84; \$62,000 for 1885-6, and \$64,000 for 1887-8 and each successive period of two years; or an average of about \$32,000 a year; but, owing to the depreciation of values, the present rate of taxation for State purposes cannot be reduced with safety." The JOURNAL entertains a different opinion, and does not believe it necessary for the rate to exceed seventy-five cents for the years 1883-4. It is not likely that the roll will fall short of \$29,000,000, and if the railroads were properly equalized there would be an increase in the future. But without any decrease, on account of the retrenchment laws now effecting a saving, the taxpayer can justly be given the benefit of a reduction of fifteen cents.

The Tuscarora mining stocks are booming. Mines are looking well.

THE NEVADA PRESS.

Views and Opinions Upon Current Topics and Events.

THE SALARY LAW.

The Eureka Leader says the Salary Act has proved so unprofitable in that county as to balance the county ledger on the wrong side to the extent of \$45,000. The Leader favors the repeal of the Act, and then if there is no business the county will not be called upon to drain its funds to pay officers their monthly salaries.

On the other hand, the Carson Appeal asserts that the Leader is mistaken, and has not evidently deducted the fees which have been paid into the treasury monthly from the salaries paid the officers. The Appeal claims that the Salary Act saved Ormsby county \$18,000 since it went into effect two years ago.

Here is a wide difference of opinion on a law, says the Winnemucca Silver State, which has been in force in Nevada since January 1st, 1881. In some counties it is charged that it has cost the taxpayers thousands of dollars while it is as positively claimed by others that it has saved them fully that much. Last Fall the party platforms in some counties declared in favor of the law, while in others they demanded its repeal. In this county, a comparison of the salaries allowed under the Act, less the fees collected by the officers, with the bills allowed by the Commissioners under the old law for the two years preceding January 1st, 1881, shows that the county has lost at least three or four thousand dollars by the change. It is impossible, however, to ascertain the exact amount, as no record has been kept of the services performed by officers for which the county would have to pay under the old law. It is quite probable that a determined effort will be made at this session of the Legislature to repeal the Act, as the members from several counties are pledged to that effect. If times were as lively and business as brisk as it was five or six years ago, the Salary Act would undoubtedly save the taxpayers of Nevada thousands of dollars annually, but at present the county officers are the only persons benefited by it, and so far as we can learn they do not want it repealed.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

Attorney General Murphy in his final report, says the Lyon county Times, takes position against a constitutional convention, and calls attention to the enormous expense attending that process of amending our organic law. In addition he gives many other reasons why an entirely new constitution should not be adopted among which are the following in substance: To those who wish for an alteration in the provision exempting mines from taxation, he points out and explains why the existing clause is as perfect a provision for the purpose intended as can be devised, and that as it can not be improved any change would be for the worse.

If a new Constitution was adopted, an effort, possibly successful, would be made to exempt the proceeds of mines from taxation, and in the interest of the people this should be guarded against, as the tax on the proceeds is about the only revenue the State receives, most of the stock in the paying mines being owned by the non-residents.

No amendment is needed to give the Legislature power to enact laws regulating fares and freights on railroads, as such power is given by Section I, Article VIII.

Regarding the question of foreign corporations, it has been decided that any Legislature has a right to regulate affairs within the boundaries of its own State, and no change in the organic law is necessary to enable the Legislature of Nevada, to make such provisions relative to the property of foreign corporations as may be just and right.

Unnecessary State and county offices, can be abolished much sooner and more cheaply by means of amendments.

OFFICIAL SALARIES.

Mr. Wosterfield has introduced in the State Senate a bill to repeal the Salary Law, the Act to take effect on the 1st of March next, which was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The passage of the bill involves a return to the fee system, which would prove a saving to this country under the present adjustment of salaries.

The fee system, however,

says the Elko Independent, is beyond doubt a far less desirable method of remunerating public officials than by the payment of salaries, and it would seem

that an intelligent, just and equitable apportionment of salaries throughout

the State by a revision of the existing law, would be preferable to a return to the old system.

Much may be said on either side, but in the light of the facts adduced by the test of the past few years, the weight of the evidence is in favor of the salary over the fee system.

By the salary plan, the people know just what they have got to pay, and while under it there is no inducement to "make business."

The counties are the gainers by a legitimate increase;

neither are the officials bankrupted by an unexpected falling off in the revenues.

It will probably be urged that as the fees are the index of the counties' business, the rate of official compensation should be governed by that standard, but it should be borne in mind that under this system, the public advantage derived from a lack of criminal prosecutions—which constitute the main bill of expense in county government—are never proportionate with the less sustained under their accumulation.

A CHATTEL MORTGAGE LAW.

A recent issue of its morning contemporary contained an article upon "A Low Interest Rate" that the Eureka Leader commends to the consideration of all who are interested in the prosperity of our State. It says in substance

that the want of available security prevents the borrowing of money at reason-

able interest, and as a large amount of the property of this State is personalty, which, under the present law, cannot be mortgaged without a change of possession of the property, and proposes the passage of a law for the mortgage of chattels, requiring them to be acknowledged and recorded similar to mortgages of real property.

We are satisfied that if persons in trade could raise a loan upon their personal property by giving a mortgage it would in many instances relieve them from the pressure of the high rate of interest that they are compelled to pay where they have no reliable security to offer. We believe that the passage of a chattel mortgage law with further restrictions, such as prohibiting the mortgaging of household goods that are now by law exempt from execution, would be a good measure, and we recommend it to the attention of our Senators and Representatives at Carson.

INSANE ASYLUM.

Superintendent Dawson's report will show that it has cost 95 cents a day per patient since our insane have been placed in the Asylum at Reno. The Austin Beveille says "this showing will not prove a very satisfactory one to the friends of the new Asylum. We know wherefore we speak when we say that they are disappointed in the figures. The asylums at Stockton and Napa cost from 40 to 45 cents per day per patient. This would indicate that Nevada ought certainly to maintain its crazy folks for 50 cents at least." What caused the high rate we are at a loss to determine. Possibly there are too many attaches. Certainly the salaries are not too great, and the supplies are all furnished by the lowest responsible bidders, and competition is sharp. One thing is sure—it must be run more economically.

Nevada is not rich enough to pay \$50,000 a year for its insane. Even this sum was not enough for the past year about \$30,000, which must be made up by the Legislature in a deficiency bill. Better let it out to contract to the lowest responsible bidder, and competition is sharp. One thing is sure—it must be run more economically.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

A Superlative Health and Strength Restorer.

If you are a workman or farmer, worn out with overwork, or a mother, a widow, or housewife, you will find Parker's GINGER TONIC a great restorer. If you are a lawyer, minister or business man exhausted by mental strain or anxious cares, do not take intoxicating stimulants, but use Parker's Ginger Tonic. If you have Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney or Urinary Complaints, or if you are troubled with any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels, blood or nerves, you can be cured by PARKER'S GINGER TONIC. It is the Greatest Blood Purifier And the Best and Surest Cough Cure Ever Used.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take GINGER TONIC at once; it will invigorate and build you up from the first dose but will never intoxicate, it has saved hundreds of lives; it may save yours. HISCO & CO., 162 William St., New York. 80c. and one dollar, at all dealers in medicines.

GREAT SAVING BUYING DOLLAR SIZE.

FLORESTON.

Its rich and lasting fragrance has made this delightful perfume exceedingly popular. There is nothing like it. Insist upon having FLORESTON COLOGNE and look for signature of Hisco & Co.

LARGE SAVING BUYING 75c. SIZE.

COLOCNE.

NEVADA THEATER.

E. M. ROBERTS, MANAGER.

The Dramatic Event of the history of Reno!

Monday Evening, January 15th,

THE HOME COMPANY OF THE

MADISON SQUARE THEATER,

NEW YORK,

En route to San Francisco, will present the latest and greatest of all their original successes.

ESMERALDA

The same original cast that interpreted it during its long run of over 350 nights at the Madison Square Theater, N. Y.

Performance will commence immediately after arrival of West Bound Train.

Reserved Seats, without extra charge, at the Post Office.

TOWN ORDER NO. 18.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, Washoe County, Nevada, January 7, 1883. Present S. C. Foggs, Chairman, Joseph Frey, G. W. Sawyer, R. S. Osdurn, Clerk, Jno. F. Alexander, District Attorney.

A petition of a majority of the frontage proprietors along the East line of Lots 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484

POWDER, ETC.

TIME TABLE:

V. & T. R. R.

TIME TABLE.

THE CALIFORNIA

POWDER WORKS

30 California Street.

SAN FRANCISCO

POTTERY

MINING

AND BLASTING

POWDER

of superior quality, fresh from the mills. It is constantly received and transported into the interior, is delivered to the consumer within a day of the time of its manufacture, and is every way superior to any other Powder.

etc.

We have been awarded successively

THREE GOLD MEDALS

the MECHANICS' INSTITUTE and the STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY for the superiority of our products over all others.

HERCULES POWDER.

combines all the force of other strong Powders now in use, and the lifting force of the Acting Powder, thus making it vastly stronger than any other compound now in use.

Circular containing full description of this Powder can be obtained on application to any of our Agents.

etc.

JOHN F. LONGE, Secretary

TIME TABLE.

TAKING EFFECT

SUNDAY, APRIL 24, 1881.

Trains From Virginia to Carson and Reno.

STATIONS	San Francisco Express.	Local Passenger	Local Passenger
Virginia.....	Departs 5.30 P. M.	Departs 8.00 A. M.	Departs 2.00 P. M.
Gold Hill.....	Arrives 6.00 P. M.	Arrives 9.10 A. M.	Arrives 1.12 P. M.
Mound House.....	Departs 5.45 P. M.	Arrives 6.15 P. M.	Arrives 8.50 A. M.
Carson.....	Departs 6.25 P. M.	Arrives 8.35 A. M.	Arrives 3.40 P. M.
Reno.....	Departs 7.15 P. M.	Arrives 10.00 A. M.	Arrives 4.15 P. M.
	Arrives 8.30 P. M.	Arrives 12.20 P. M.	Arrives 6.40 P. M.

Trains From Reno to Carson and Virginian.

STATIONS.	San Francisco Express.	Local	Local
	Passenger	Passenger	Passenger
Reno.....	7.10 A. M.	8.25 A. M.	1.30 P. M.
Carson.....	Arrives 8.25 A. M.	Arrives 10.05 A. M.	Arrives 4.45 P. M.
Mound House.....	Departs 8.35 A. M.	Arrives 11.30 A. M.	Arrives 5.15 P. M.
Gold Hill.....	Departs 9.30 A. M.	Arrives 12.05 P. M.	Arrives 6.15 P. M.
Virginia.....	Arrives 10.35 A. M.	Arrives 12.52 P. M.	Arrives 7.03 P. M.
	Arrives 10.05 A. M.	Arrives 12.20 P. M.	Arrives 7.15 P. M.

CARSON & COLORADO R. R.

TIME TABLE

TAKING EFFECT

SUNDAY, JAN. 1, 1882.

Bodie and Candelaria Express.

STATIONS.	Bodie and Candelaria	San Francisco and Virginia
Mound House.....	9.30 A. M.	6.00 P. M.
Dayton.....	10.00 "	5.25 "
Clifton.....	10.45 "	4.45 "
Port Churchill.....	11.20 "	4.12 "
Wadsworth.....	11.55 "	4.05 "
Wadsworth.....	12.00 M.	3.25 "
Cleaver.....	12.15 P. M.	3.10 "
Cleaver.....	12.30 "	3.10 "
Mason.....	12.40 "	3.00 "
Rio Vista.....	1.10 "	2.25 "
Reservation.....	1.25 "	2.10 "
Schurz.....	1.45 "	1.47 "
Gillis.....	2.00 "	1.00 "
Gillis.....	2.40 "	11.15 P. M.
Hawthorne.....	4.10 "	10.45 "
Stansfield.....	4.15 "	10.05 "
Kirkend.....	4.55 "	9.65 "
Luning.....	5.55 "	9.15 "
New Boston.....	5.55 "	8.65 "
Soda Springs.....	6.30 "	10.00 "
Rhodes.....	6.50 "	8.15 "
Belleview.....	7.20 "	7.45 "

The above trains are run daily and make close connection at Mound House with trains of the Virginia and Truckee Railroad for Virginia City and Reno, and with the Central Pacific Railroad at Reno, via the Virginia and Truckee Railroad, for all points East and West.

H. M. YERINGTON,
General Sup't.

R. J. LAWS,
Assistant Sup't.

D. A. BENDER,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

Also Importers and Wholesale dealers in
HARDWARE.
Axes, Nails, Powder.
Shovels, Rope, Cutlery.
Barbed Fence Wire.
Plain Iron Wire, Sheet.
Cartridges, Forks,
etc.

MANNING & BERRY.

MANNING & BERRY,

(Successors to MANNING & DUCK, Reno, Nevada.)

Dealers in

GROCERIES, HARDWARE, STOVES AND TINWARE,

IRON, STEEL, CUMBERLAND COAL,

PLASTER, HAIR AND CEMENT, DOORS, WINDOWS, HARROWS
FLOWS AND ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

—AGENTS HERE—

*The California Powder Works, and
Standard Oil Co. of Cleveland, Ohio*

—ALSO, MANUFACTURERS OF—

TINWARE, IRON PIPE, ROOFING AND PLUMBING.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

STATE OF NEVADA, County of Washoe, I, the undersigned, a citizen of the United States, and by virtue of the decree and order of the Circuit Court of the Ninth Circuit, District of Nevada, upon a judgment and decree rendered in said Court, on the 6th day of November, 1882, in favor of Felix Monet, as plaintiff, and against Pierre H. Whitaker, as defendant, in the cause of Monet vs. Whitaker, in the State of Nevada, having as defendants, for the sum of sixteen hundred and seventy-five dollars (\$1675) with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, and costs taxed at one hundred and seventy dollars and eighty-five cents (\$170.85) together with interest on the same, in said Court directed and delivered, I did in the manner directed by law, seize and levy upon, as the property of the defendants named in said order of sale, that certain property, to-wit: the following described real property, that is to say, all the right title and interest which Pierre H. Whitaker, as defendant, has in and to, in or to the claim and premises hereinafter described, on the 9th day of May, 1882, or at any time since, to-wit: Those certain mining claims situate near Steamboat Springs, Washoe county, State of Nevada, known as the mining claims of the New da Quicksilver Mining Company, consisting of 1,050 feet each, and of the width of six hundred (600) feet each, and known as the property of said defendants and more particularly described as follows, to-wit: Those certain tracts of mineral land situate in the county of Washoe, State of Nevada, and particularly described as follows, to-wit: The certain mining claim situate near Steamboat Springs, Washoe county, State of Nevada, known as the mining claims of the New da Quicksilver Mining Company, consisting of 1,050 feet each, and of the width of six hundred (600) feet each, and known as the property of said defendants and more particularly described as follows, to-wit: Those certain tracts of mineral land 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